

Swiss Institute of  
Bioinformatics

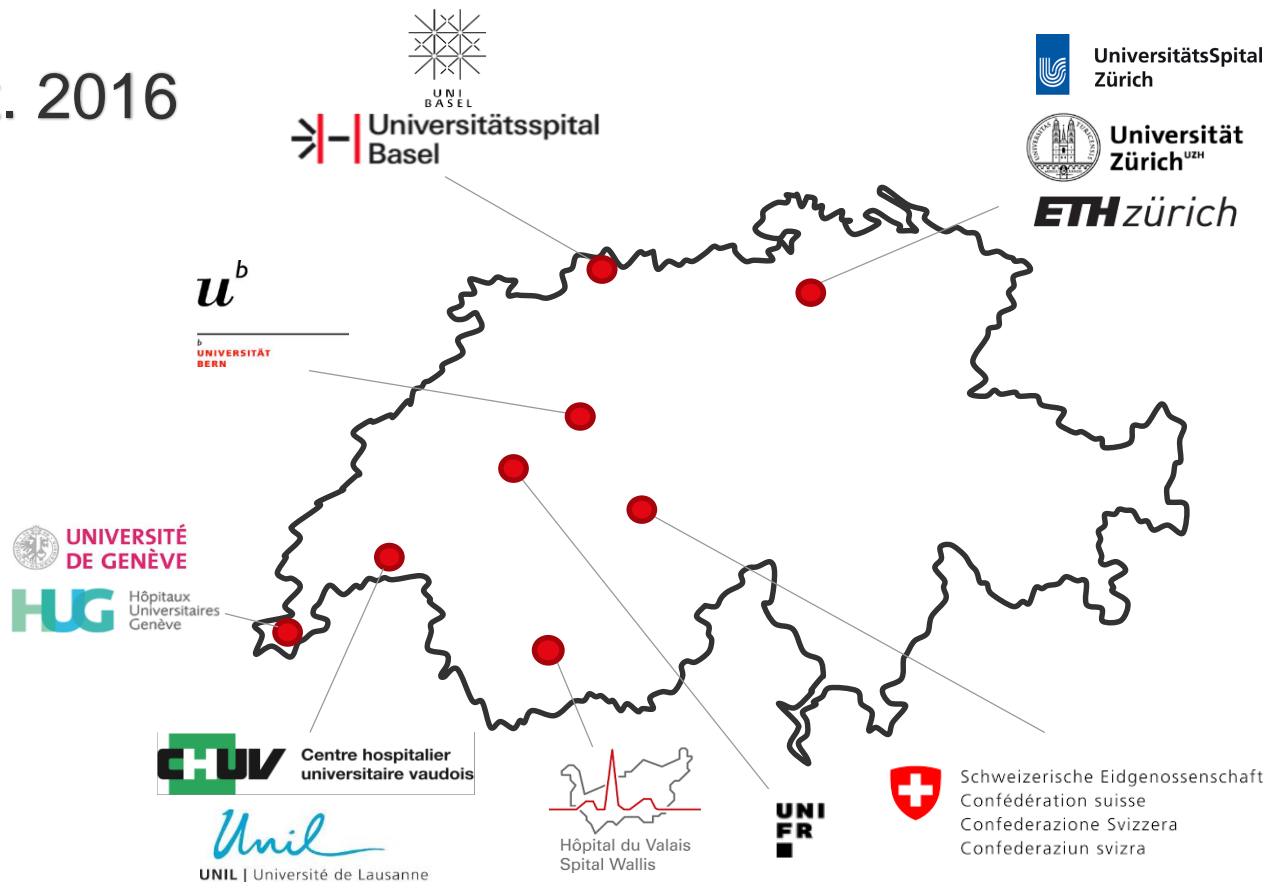
# Viral metagenomics in the clinical realm: lessons learned from a Swiss-wide ring trial

**International Conference on Clinical Metagenomics (ICCMg)**

Dr Aitana Lebrand | Geneva, 17 October 2019

# NGS microbes typing and characterization WG

■ Since Sept. 2016



# Need for harmonization?

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## **Survey shows different pipelines are used in each clinical laboratory**

- Would they agree on interpretation if starting from the same sample?
- Is there a need for harmonizing NGS practices (i.e. same answer, independent of workflow used)?
- Organize ring trials as quality controls (end 2017 - 2018)

# Ring trial with two increments: ground truth known



Participants' output files

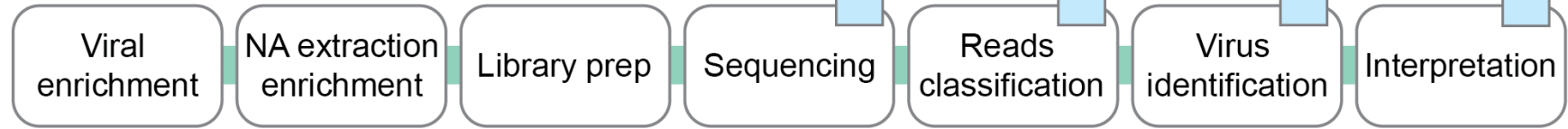


Raw reads  
(FASTQ)

Classified reads  
(BAM, BGA, TSV)

Metrics/virus  
(TSV)

Report  
(Word, PDF)

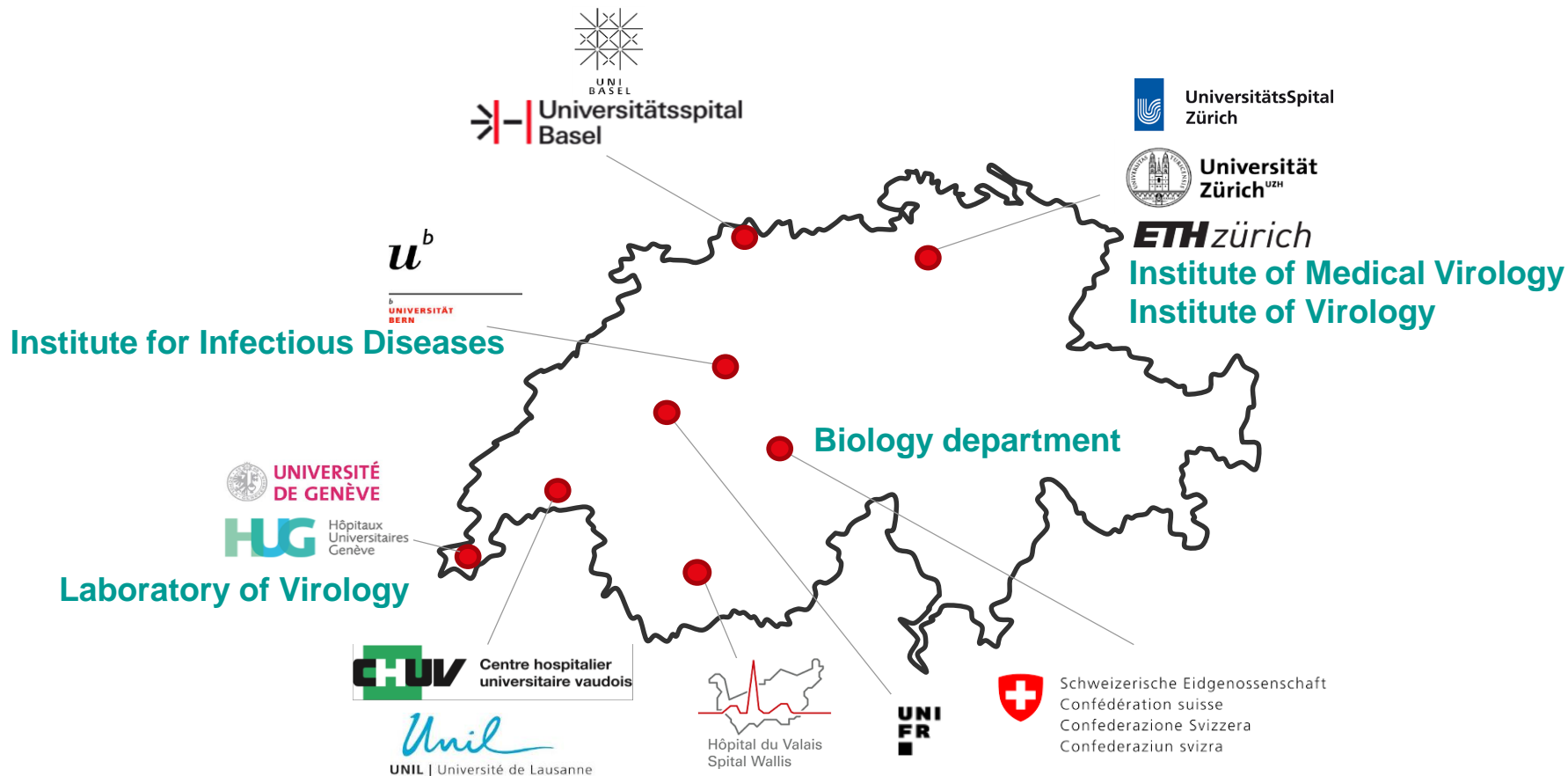


**Incr. 1** ↑ Biological material: 5 samples



**Incr. 2** ↑ Raw reads: 13 FASTQ datasets  
5 from incr. 1  
8 artificial in-silico generated

# Ring trial participants: 5 labs, 8 pipelines in total



# Evaluation of pipeline performance

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- Identified viruses at the species level, per pipeline, per sample → TP, FP, FN
- For the negative control, false positives were mapped at the family level
- Sensitivity, precision, F1

# Nomenclature matters

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■ **Problem:** the following names

- *human adenovirus A*
- *Adenovirus 12*
- *Mastadenovirus type 31*

all refer to the **same** species

This is the *rule*, not an exception...

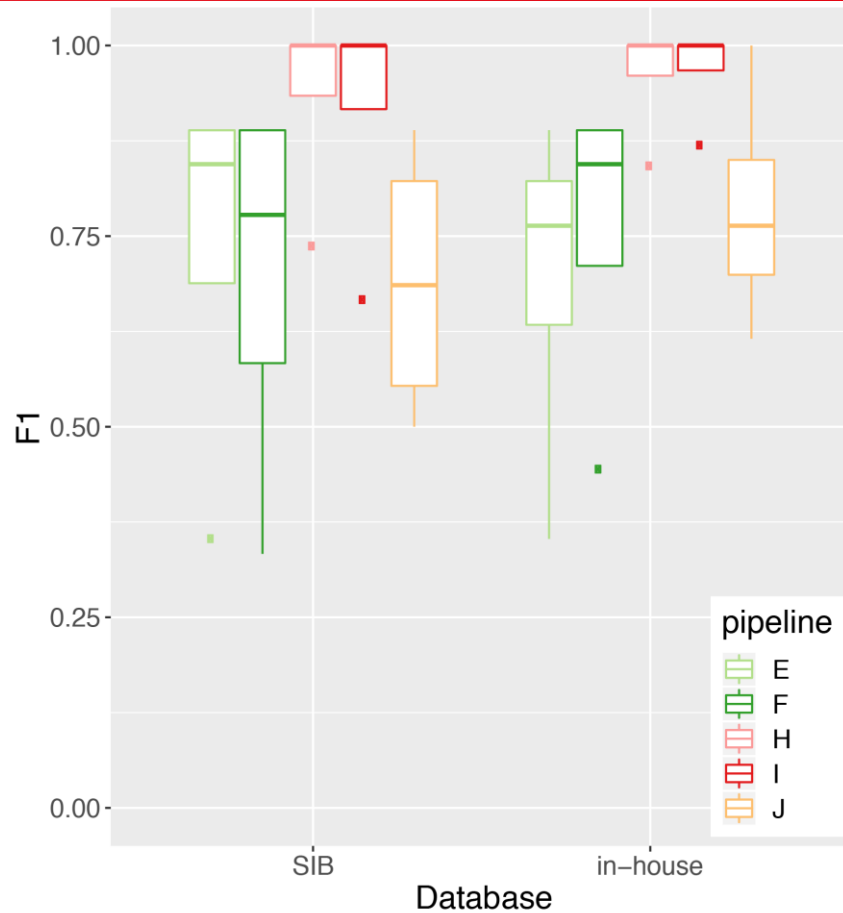
■ **Solution :**

- Define a resolution level for the trial (e.g. species)
- Map all possible names at that resolution, e.g.

/human (mast)?adenovirus (type )?(A|12|31)\b/i

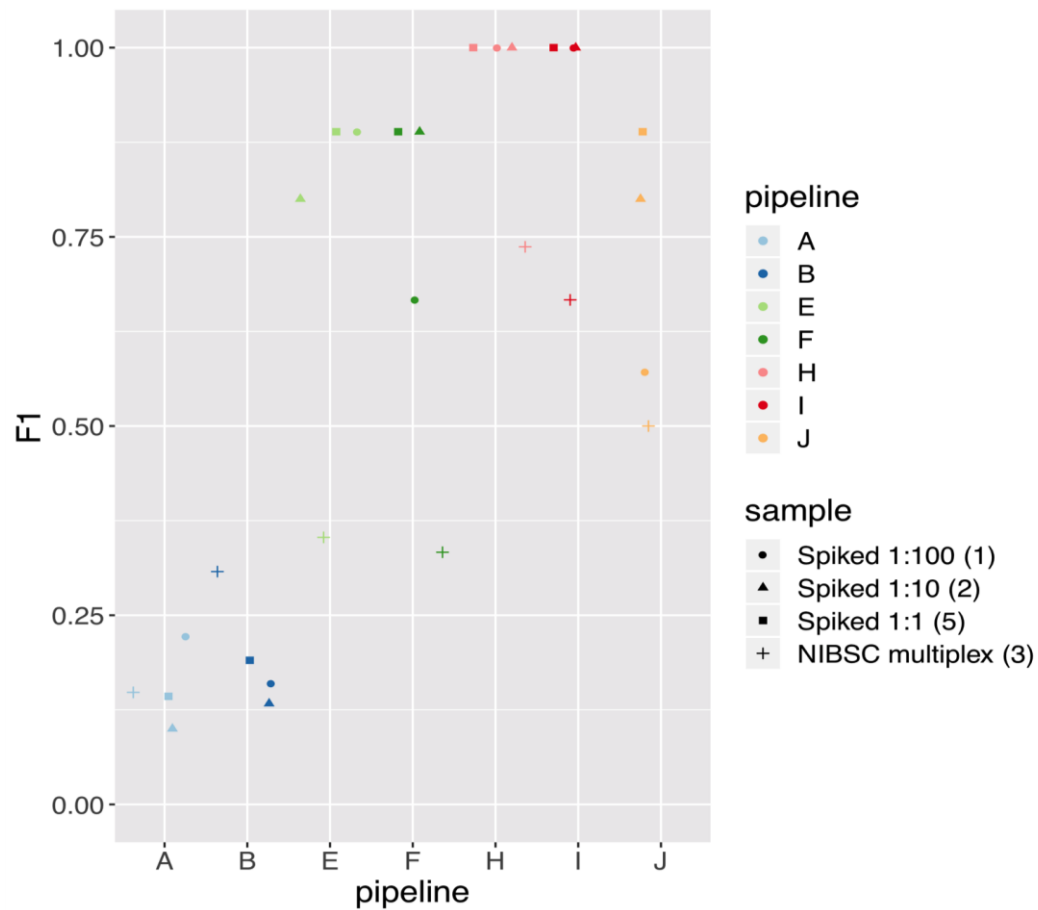
→ HAdV-A

# Impact of database (incr-1)

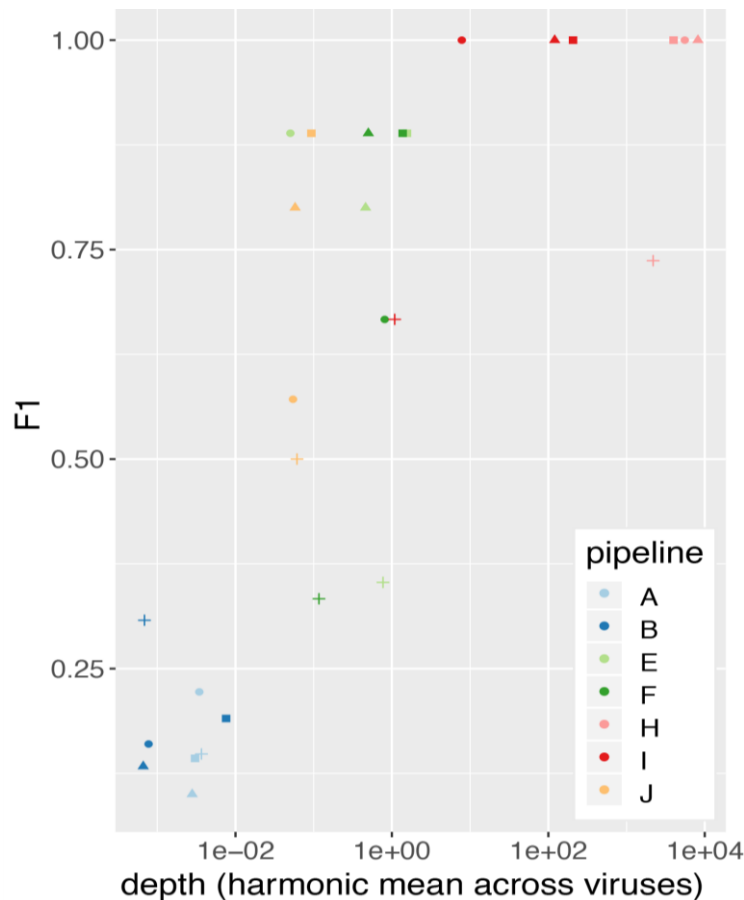




# F1 varies strongly across pipelines (incr-1)

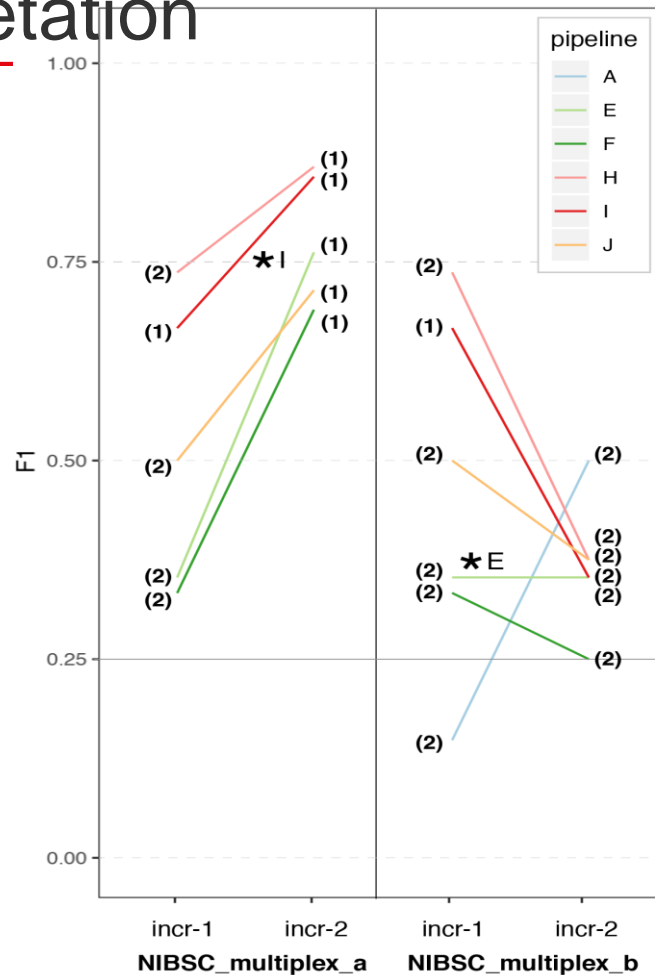


# Coverage helps... up to a point (incr-1)



# Impact of sample prep and interpretation

- **Same sample present twice**  
(sequenced by 2 centers)
- In incr-2, all started with same FASTQ  
=> performance is poor for sample “b”  
=> sample preparation has an impact
- In incr-2, sample “a” was provided by pipeline I (red). Its results improved!  
=> impact of human review for reproducibility of results



## More information

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- **Read more details in our publication**

Junier *et al.* *Viral metagenomics in the clinical realm :  
Lessons learned from a Swiss-wide ring trial.*

Genes, 2019, 10, 655; doi:10.3390/genes10090655

- **Download in-silico datasets (zenodo)**

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## *Next step*

Partner with ISO17043 certified  
organizations for production-level EQAs

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## **Special thanks to the EQA Team**

Dr Thomas Junier (SIB & EPFL)

Dr Michael Huber (Medical Virology, Uni Zh)

**And to the RT participants!**

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Thank You

