# Diagnosis of meningitis by transcriptomic approach based on metagenomic data

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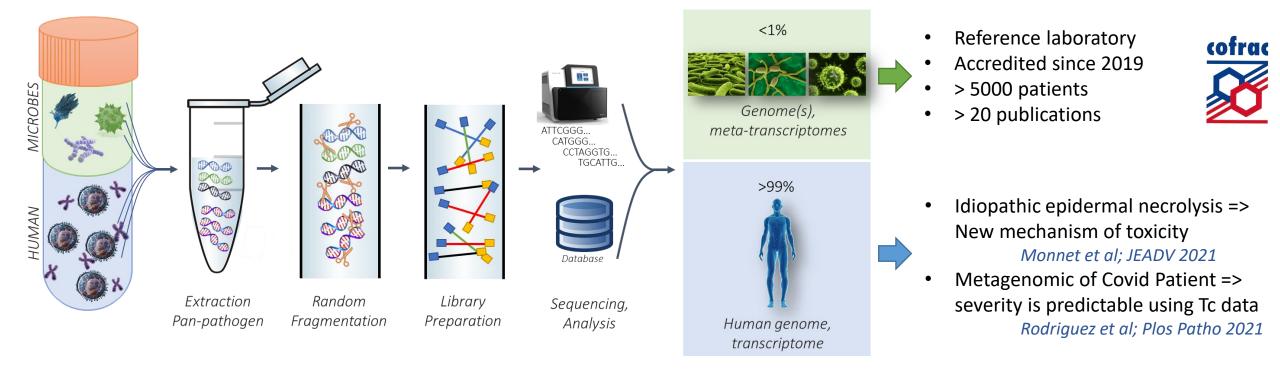








# Transcriptomic from SMg

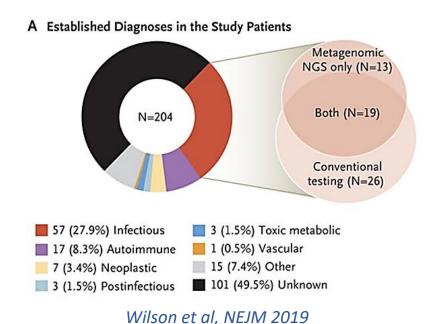


=> Transcriptomic data of Shotgun Metagenomics are usable for clinical questions

### Infection or not infection?

Undiagnosed patients in CNS infections ?





Inability to diagnose infection due to a lack of sensitivity of the techniques, the quality of the sample, the temporality of the disease...



Can the transcriptomic host overcome the inabilities of microbiological diagnostic tools (including Mg) to answer the questions :

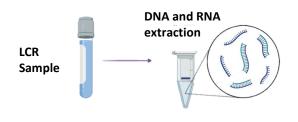
- It is an infection?
- If yes, it bacterial or viral infection?

### **Patients**

All patients who had a CSF sample collected in 2016 at Henri Mondor Hospital and for whom more than 3 white blood cells were found Collection of biological and clinical Conventional Metagenomics data (all history until 2022) microbiology <1% meta-transcriptomes Human genome, transcriptome No microbial No microbial documentation Microbial **AND** other diagnostic documentation documentation (cancer, autoimmunity...) **AND** no Pathogens Cluster 1? Cluster 2? Exclusion of the No Infection Infection study Comparison

### Methods

Pre-extraction and extraction (triple lysis)



#### Library prep

Nextera XT

TruSeq Total RNA



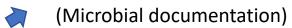
#### Sequencing

- NovaSeq 6000



#### Bioinformatic analysis

- MetaMIC



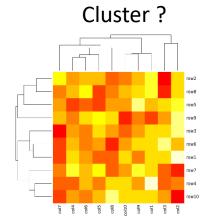


- Transcriptomic pipeline Hisat 2, Stringtie, DeSeq2

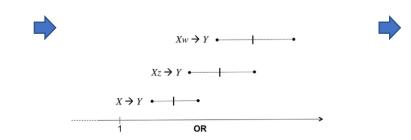




### Heatmap



#### **Odd Ratio Risk**



#### Onological analysis

Pathway enrichment ?
Gene enrichment ?

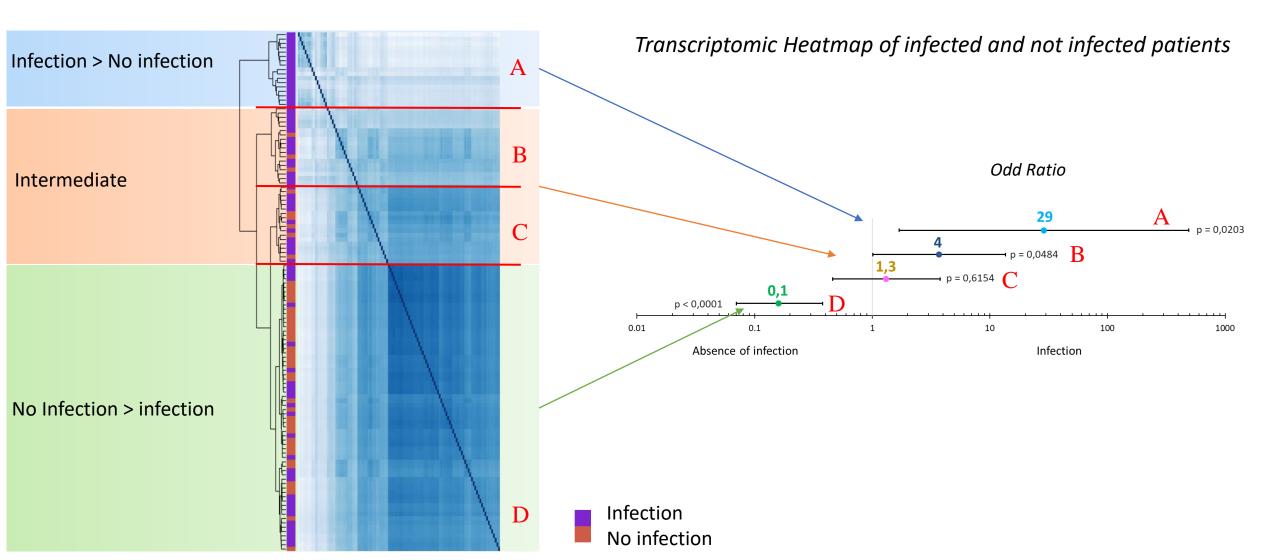




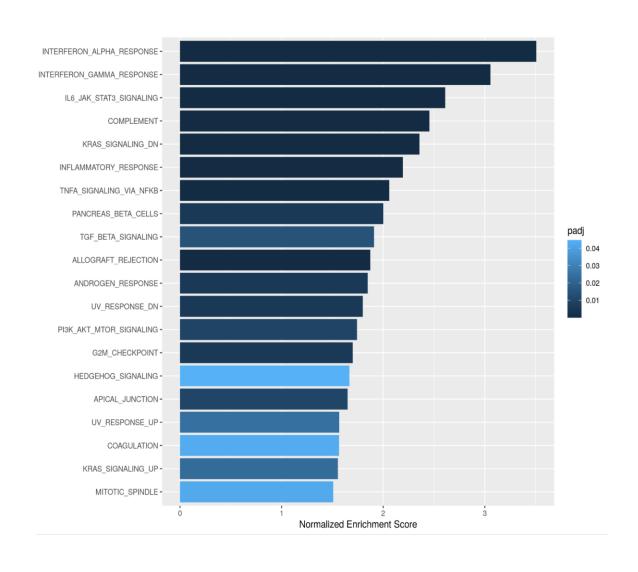
# Results Cohort (N=155)

		Infection N=73	No infection N=48	Excluded N=34
Ratio H/F		1.2	0.9	1.6
Age (yo)		54 [31;80]	58 [27;89]	43[14;83]
	<b>Emergency</b>	40%	13%	38%
Unit	<b>Intensive Care</b>	25%	31%	32%
	Various hospital	35%	<b>56</b> %	30%
Infection ratio (bacteria/virus)		18/53	NA	NA

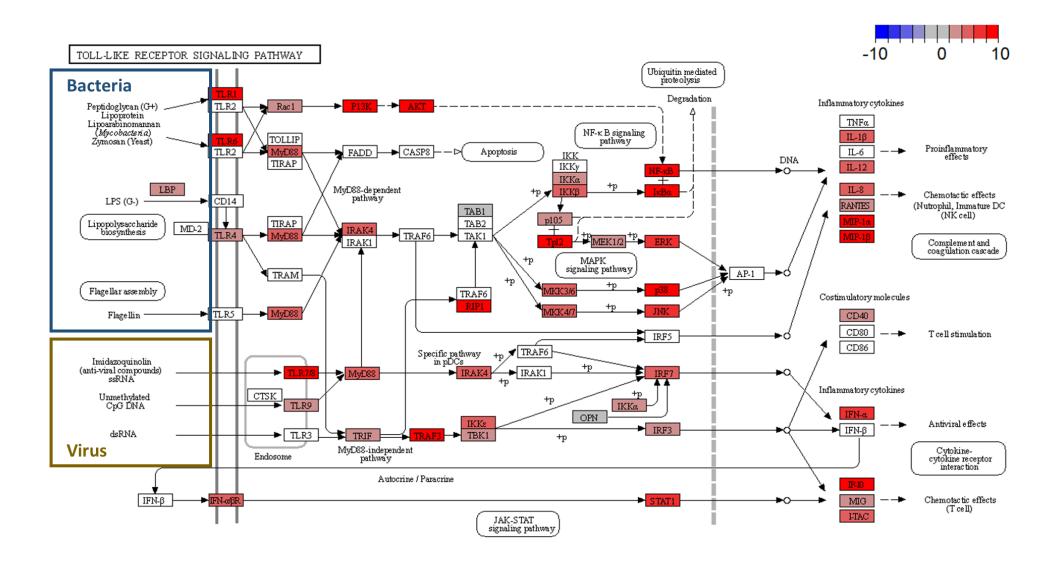
# Infection (N=73) vs no infections (N=48)?



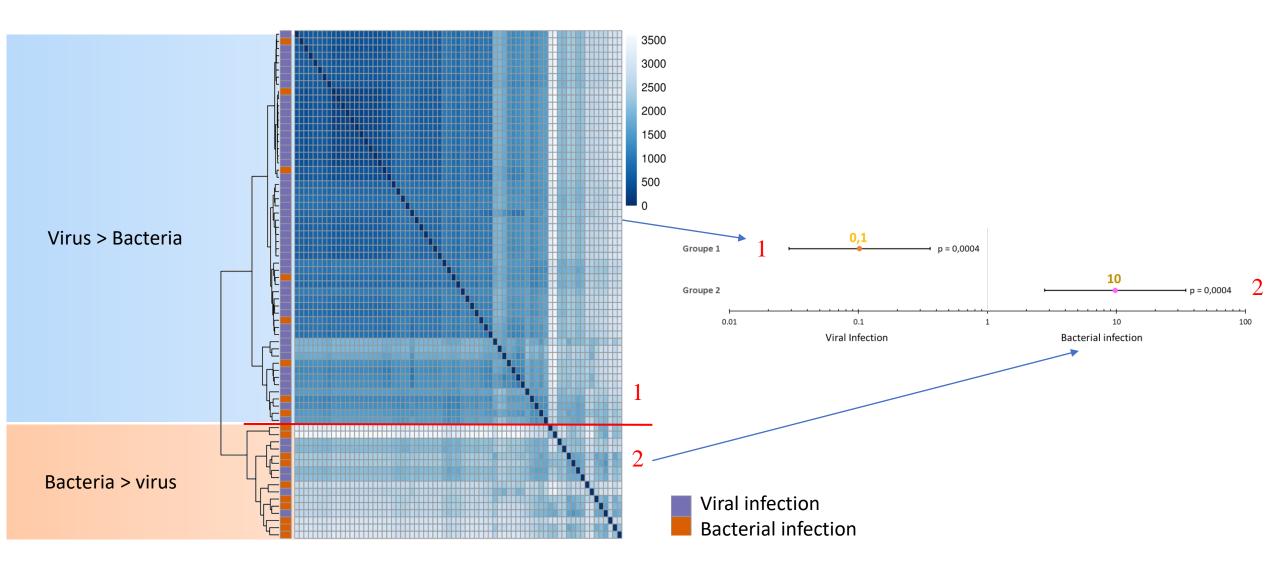
## Results: Infection vs no infections?



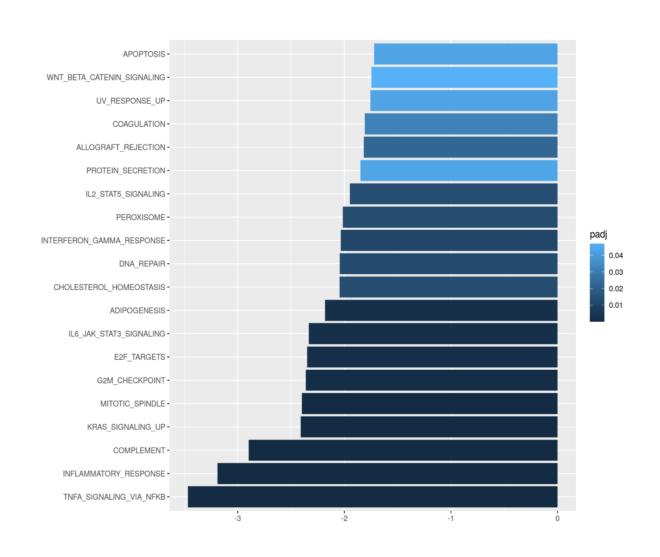
# Results: Infection vs no infections?



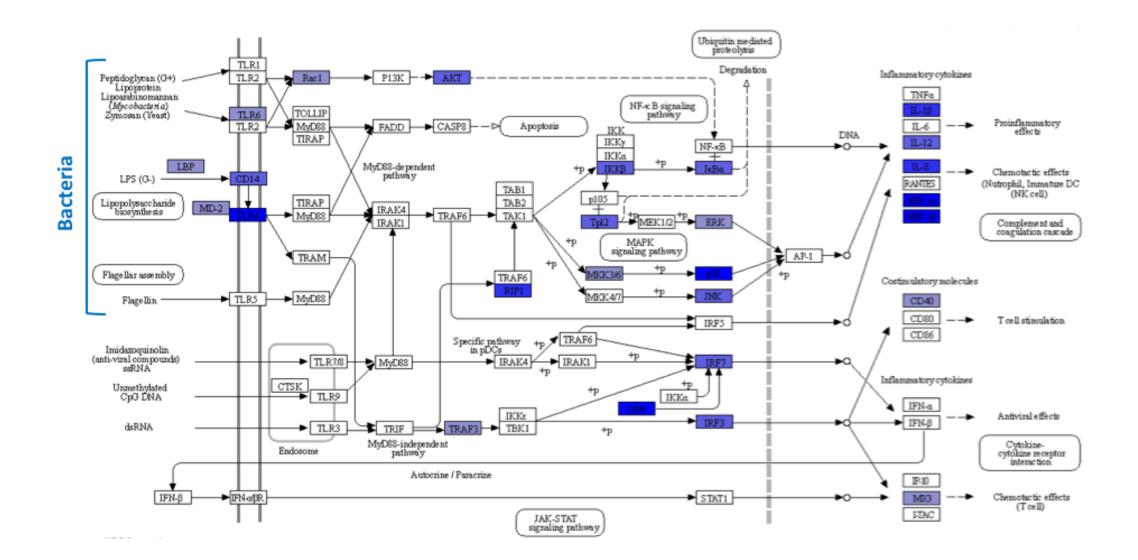
# Viral Infection (N=53) vs bacterial infections (N=18)?



## Results: Infection vs no infections?



# Results: Bacteria vs viruses?



# Conclusion/Perspectives

- Human RNA data generated from SMg are usable for transcriptomic profiling
- Transcriptomic profiles are different between infected and not infected patients
- Transcriptomic profiles are different between viral infected and bacterial infected patients
- Enriched pathway are linked with Immunity, TLR pathway is the most impacted
- A cohort of 420 patients is currently tested to confirm the results
- Data mining is pending to identify the better genes in relationship with the different clinical groups

## Thanks to the team!

### NGS METAMIC Experimental Vanessa Demontant, Elisabeth Trawinski Sarah Seng Michel Lau Axel Simitambe **Nelly Deltour** Bioinformatic Melissa Ndebi, Laure Boizeau **Justine Cheval** Microbiology Expertise Pierre Cappy, Slim Fourati (viro) Paul-Louis Woerther (bacterio) Cecile Angebault (myco) **Project Head** Christophe Rodriguez, Jean-Michel Pawlotsky



